## **Trading Account**

1.	Tradin	g Ac	count	revea	ls	(1)				profit	or
(2)_			[	oss.							
2.	Excess	debit	over	credit	in	the	trading	account	t rep	resents	s a
(3)_			·								
3. F	Return oı	utwards	are de	ducted 1	from	ı (4)			_ <b>.</b>		
	Factory vount.	wages \	will app	pear in	the	(5)			_ side	of tra	ding
5.	Stock	is us	sually	valued	at	t (6)				price	or
(7)_			F	orice, wh	niche	ever is	lower.				
6. (	8) equals to sales minus cost of goods sold.										
7. (	9)=cost of goods available for sales less gross profit.										
8. T	rading a	ccount	is char	ged with	all (	10)			_ expe	enses.	
9	The closi	ing stoo	ck at th	ne end (	of th	ne yea	ar is the	(11)			
sto	ck for su	bseque	nt year	•							
10.	Sales ar	e trans	ferred	to the	(12	2)			side	of Tra	ding
Acc	ount										

cost Cost of goods sold credit debit direct gross gross gross loss Gross profit market opening Purchases

## **Business Studies Gap fillers**

## Key

## **Trading Account**

- 1. Trading Account reveals gross profit or gross loss.
- 2. Excess debit over credit in the trading account represents a gross loss.
- 3. Return outwards are deducted from Purchases.
- 4. Factory wages will appear in the debit side of trading account.
- 5. Stock is usually valued at cost price or market price, whichever is lower.
- 6. Gross profit equals to sales minus cost of goods sold.
- 7. Cost of goods sold=cost of goods available for sales less gross profit.
- 8. Trading account is charged with all direct expenses.
- 9. The closing stock at the end of the year is the opening stock for subsequent year.
- 10. Sales are transferred to the credit side of Trading Account